## 2022-23 School Profile (TEA 201) CHARLES RICE LEARNING CENTER



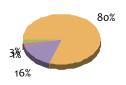
2425 PINE ST DALLAS, TX 75215

www.dallasisd.org/rice Phone: 972-749-1100

Principal: JENNIFER ATKINS (jenrhodes@dallasisd.org)

Elementary school (grades K-5) and EC, PK programs in the LINCOLN feeder pattern.

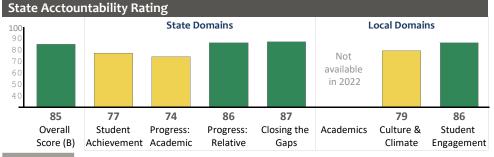
	Attendance Target: 97%		Enrollment		% of Grade Level			
Grd			Target: 97%		N	% Sch	Afr. Am.	Hispanic
PK	93.5%	×	74	14%	84%	14%	1%	1%
KN	93.1%	×	72	14%	78%	22%	0%	0%
1	92.4%	×	74	14%	76%	20%	0%	4%
2	93.3%	×	98	19%	73%	20%	1%	5%
3	92.1%	×	64	12%	88%	9%	2%	2%
4	93.3%	×	71	14%	86%	13%	0%	1%
5	95.2%	×	61	12%	80%	13%	2%	5%
ALL	93.2%	×	514	-	80%	16%	1%	3%

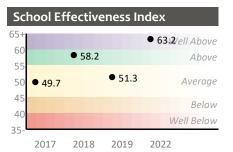


Student Group Enrollment					
% of School					
At Risk	112	25.9%			
EL	47	10.9%			
Low SES	418	96.8%			
SPED	50	11.6%			
TAG	93	21.5%			

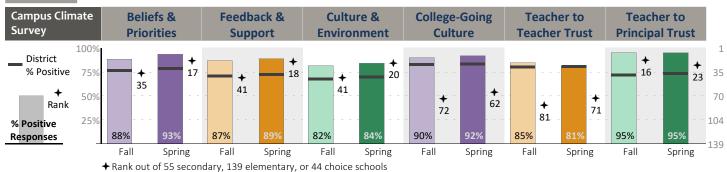
Attendance / Retention		2019-20	2020-21		2021-22	
Students	Average student attendance rate	94.7%	1	96.7%	$lack \Psi$	93.2%
	Percentage absent fewer than 10% of days enrolled	86.0%	1	88.1%	$lack \Psi$	78.5%
Teachers	Average number of absences	6.3	Ψ	5.9	<b>1</b>	8.6
	Percentage returned to campus from prior year	83.3%	1	97.4%	4	77.5%

Disciplinary Actions	19-20	20-21	21-22
In-School Suspension			1
Out-of-School Suspension	4		





Distinctions Achievement in math, ELA/reading, science; Top 25% in closing the gaps; Postsecondary readiness



**Parent Survey Successful Outcomes School Environment** Inclusiveness Communication 100 District % Positive 75 Not on latest 50 survey 25 % Positive 95% 93% 89% 91% 90% 90% 86% 93% 93% 90% 97% Responses My child Promotes Satisfied Would Informs on Responds Comfort Respectful Safe Welcomes Maintained Treats all Welcomes

direction recommend progress to concerns interacting

learns

college

climate

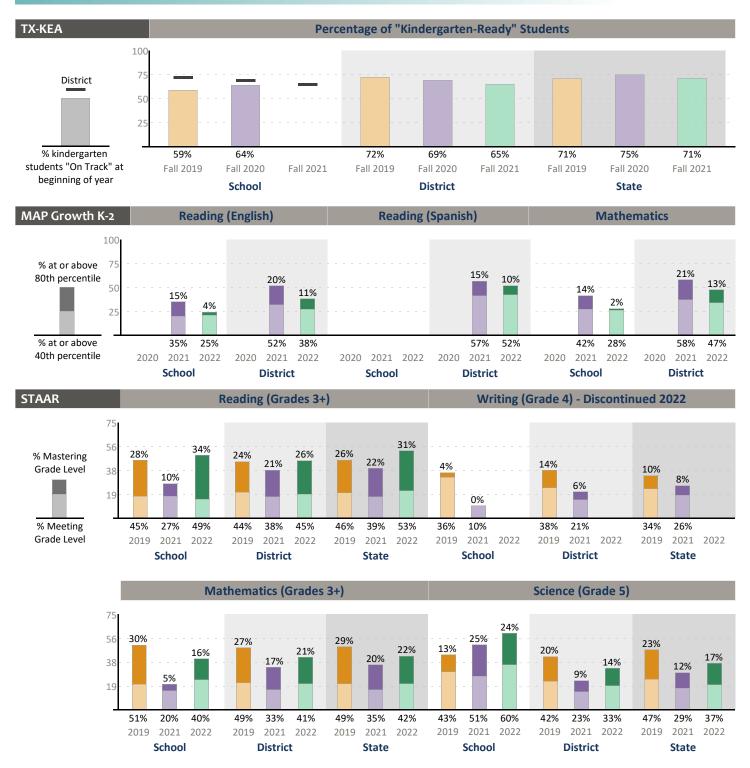
involvement and clean

all parents

climate

## 2022-23 School Profile (TEA 201) CHARLES RICE LEARNING CENTER





# 2022-23 School Profile Elementary School Metric and Term Definitions



#### **INFORMATION ABOUT 2022 SCHOOL PROFILES**

Effects of COVID 10 Devidencie	14/
Effects of COVID-19 Pandemic	vv

Where possible and reasonable, statistics in this report were updated to reflect the 2021-22 and prior school years. In some cases, missing test results due to the emergency closure in Spring 2020 precluded computation of updated statistics. Please note the school years reflected in each section. If new statistics could not be created for any year, prior-year information was left in place from the previous School Profile.

#### **Attendance**

Student attendance rate	Average of students' attendance rates (number of days in attendance out of number of days enrolled) at end of last school year. The target for elementary schools is 97%.
Students absent fewer than 10% of days enrolled	An indicator of how many students are in regular attendance. Percentage of students with fewer than 10% absences (excused or unexcused) is based on a snapshot taken at the end of the last school year.

#### **Enrollment**

Number enrolled by grade (N)	Average daily enrollment at the campus during the last school year.
Percentage enrolled by grade (% Sch)	Grade-level percentage of total school enrollment at end of last school year.
Percentage in grade by race/ethnicity (% of Grade)	Percentage of students within grade level identified as African American, Hispanic, white, or other at end of last school year. Identification in a category provided by parents/guardians at registration. Students identified as Hispanic are not counted elsewhere.
Percentage enrolled by student group	Counts taken at the end of last school year based on data in student information system. Students may be classified in more than one or no student groups.

#### **Teachers**

reactier absences	
Teachers returning to campus	

Average number of days not at campus, such as for illness or personal business. Counts do not include vacation days or leave.

Percentage of teachers from previous school year who continued at the school. The number of teachers who were at the school in both current and previous years is divided by the number of teachers in the previous year. Teachers from the prior year are not included in the statistic if they changed to non-teaching positions within the district.

#### Discipline

Teacher absences

Frequency of disciplinary actions

Disciplinary actions reported to TEA in PEIMS summer submission. Reporting codes by action are in-school suspensions: 6, 26; out-of-school suspensions: 5, 25; alternative placement: 7; explusion: 2, 4.

#### **Accountability Rating System for Texas Public Schools**

State accountability rating

Schools receive scaled scores in four domains (Student Achievement, Student Progress: Academic Growth, Student Progress: Relative Performance, and Closing the Gaps) and a single scaled score across the three domains from the TEA. Dallas ISD opted into the state's Local Accountability System, which adds domains to Dallas ISD schools' accountability ratings. The additional local domains are Academics (measured by the school's prior-year SEI), Culture and Climate (measured with the staff climate survey and parent/guardian survey), and Student Engagement (measured by a confidential student experience survey and extracurricular participation). As with state domains, each local domain receives a scaled score, and there is a single scaled score across the three local domains. Scaled scores range to 100. The state scaled score and local scaled score are averaged to compute the school's overall accountability score and grade. Based on the state domains only, schools can earn distinctions from the TEA for student achievement in math, reading, science, and social studies; top 25% (among comparable schools) in student progress; top 25% in closing performance gaps; and postsecondary readiness. NOTE: Local Accountability ratings for 2022 did not include the School Effectiveness Index, or SEI, because SEIs could not be produced in 2021.

#### School Effectiveness Index

SEI

A measure of performance on assessments that is relative to other Dallas ISD schools. The SEI isolates a school's effect on student outcomes by controlling for differences the school cannot control, such as socio-economic status, neighborhood characteristics, and prior-year academic levels. A large change in one year, whether up or down, will typically be followed by a move in the opposite direction. This is expected based on the statistical model used for SEI; it is an example of the concept of "regression to the mean." NOTE: The absence of standardized test scores from 2020 affected creation of SEIs for both 2020 and 2021.

#### **Campus Climate Survey**

Percentage positive responses

Surveys conducted November and May. Positive responses include Agree and Strongly Agree. Other responses included Disagree, Strongly Disagree, and Neutral. Campuses with multiple TEA numbers have results only for the campus as a whole; results are repeated on each profile. Results not available when there were too few respondants.

#### **Parent Survey**

Percentage positive responses

Survey conducted in spring. Positive responses include Agree and Strongly Agree. Other responses included Disagree, Strongly Disagree, and Neutral. Campuses with multiple TEA numbers have results only for the campus as a whole; results are repeated on each profile. Results not available when there were too few respondants.

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#### Texas Kindergarten Entry Assessment (TX-KEA)

Percentage meeing
kindergarten readiness
benchmarks and
competencies

Kindergarten readiness as measured using beginning-of-year Texas Kindergarten Entry Assessment, or TX-KEA, scores. Includes results from English and Spanish assessments. The TX-KEA assessment is used to determine whether a student has met specified developmental benchmarks and academic competencies as outlined by the Texas Pre-Kindergarten Guidelines and Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills. Results reported if at least 15 students were assessed.

#### **MAP Growth**

Percentage at or above th
40th percentile

Percentage of students with scores at or above the 40th percentile using a national norm, meaning the score was at or above approximately 40 percent of all other scores in the U.S. Indicator of grade-level performance. The district administers NWEA's MAP Growth assessment to students in grades 3-9 in various content areas; only the reading (in English and in Spanish) and mathematics subtest results are presented for grades K-2. NOTE: The TerraNova/SUPERA assessment was last administered in Spring 2019. The district began using the MAP Growth assessment for K-2 students in 2020-21.

### Percentage at or above the 80th percentile

Percentage of students with scores at or above the 80th percentile using a national norm, meaning the score was at or above approximately 80 percent of all other scores in the U.S. Indicator of advanced performance. Scores above the 80th percentile are a subset of scores above the 40th percentile. NOTE: The TerraNova/SUPERA assessment was last administered in Spring 2019. The district began using the MAP Growth assessment for K-2 students in 2020-21.

#### State of Texas Assessment of Academic Readiness (STAAR)

Percentage meeting	grade
level standard	

Percentage of all tests with scores meeting grade level standard. Statistics include results from all STAAR test types. School's statistics based on results from students in the accountability subset. School statistics reported only if at least 25 students tested. District and state statistics are based on grade levels at the campus. Students meeting grade level standard have a high likelihood of success in the next grade or course but may stil need some short-term, targeted acadmic intervention.

### Percentage mastering grade level standard

Percentage of all tests with scores demonstrating mastery of grade level standard. Scores are a subset of scores that "meet grade level standard". Students mastering grade level standard are expected to succeed in the next grade or course with little or no academic intervention.